

# Physics 4311: Thermal Physics - Homework 12

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due date: Tuesday, April 29, 2025, please upload your solution as a pdf on Canvas

## Problem 1: Generalized equipartition theorem (10 points)

Consider a classical degree of freedom  $q$  that makes a contribution to the Hamiltonian of the form  $\frac{1}{2}A|q|^n$  where  $n$  and  $A$  are positive constants. Find the average internal energy stored in this degree of freedom as a function of temperature.

## Problem 2: Spin-1 paramagnet (20 points)

A paramagnetic material contains  $N$  non-interacting spins with quantum numbers  $S = 1$  and  $S^{(z)} = -1, 0, +1$ . In an external magnetic field  $B$ , the energy of the system reads

$$E = - \sum_{i=1}^N \mu B S_i^{(z)}$$

where the constant  $\mu$  is the magnetic moment associated with the spin.

- Calculate the partition function and the free energy.
- Determine the magnetization as a function of temperature and discuss its behavior in the limits  $T \rightarrow 0$  and  $T \rightarrow \infty$ .
- Compute the magnetic susceptibility  $\chi$ .
- Find the leading low-field (high-temperature) behavior of  $\chi$  and identify the Curie law. Compare with the spin-1/2 case discussed in class.

## Problem 3: Model of DNA (10 points)

A simple model of the DNA double helix molecule is analogous to a zipper: a chain of  $N$  links each of which can be open or closed. A closed link has energy  $\epsilon_0$ , and an open link has energy  $\epsilon_1 > \epsilon_0$ . Replication of the DNA starts with the opening of the “zipper”. Assume that it can only open from one end (say the left), i.e., a link can only be open if all links left of it are also open.

- Calculate the partition function for this DNA model.
- Find the average number  $n$  of open links as a function of  $N$  and the temperature  $T$ .
- Discuss the behavior of  $n$  in the limits of high and low temperatures.